Examiner-Initiated Interview Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/753,947	SIEGEL, STEPHEN B.		
	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Marianne L. Padgett	1762		
All Participants:	Participants: Status of Application: <u>Amended</u>			
(1) <u>Marianne L. Padgett</u> .	(3)			
(2) <u>Thomas Tolpin</u> .	(4)			
Date of Interview: 18 January 2007	Time: <u>~1:00 p.m.</u>			
Type of Interview: ☐ Telephonic ☐ Video Conference ☐ Personal (Copy given to: ☐ Applicant ☐ Applic Exhibit Shown or Demonstrated: ☐ Yes ☐ No If Yes, provide a brief description:	cant's representative)			
Part I.				
Rejection(s) discussed: NA				
Claims discussed: 1 & 13				
Prior art documents discussed: NA				
Part II.				
SUBSTANCE OF INTERVIEW DESCRIBING THE GENE See Continuation Sheet	RAL NATURE OF WHAT WAS	DISCUSSED:		
Part III.				
 ☑ It is not necessary for applicant to provide a separate directly resulted in the allowance of the application. The of the interview in the Notice of Allowability. ☐ It is not necessary for applicant to provide a separate did not result in resolution of all issues. A brief summa 	ne examiner will provide a written record of the substance of the	en summary of the subs interview, since the inte	stance	
MARIANNIE PADGETT				
PRIMARY EXAMINER				
45				
(Examiner/SPE Signature) (Applican	nt/Applicant's Representative Sign	gnature – if appropriate))	

Continuation of Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was discussed:

Agreed to an Examiner's Amendment, which clarified ambiguous phrasing in the cooling limitation of independent claim 1, corrected inconsistent nomenclature for the claims as amended in claim 13 & further clarified the

10/10/2006 amendment to the specification on page 8.

It was noted that the addition of -- gas -- after "oxygen" may be considered supported by the original specification (p.8), because the original nomenclature encompassed oxygen gas & the original contradictory phrasing would have led one of ordinary skill in the art when considering the specific given example of carbon dioxide, to such a conclusion, since the example of carbon dioxide clearly contains oxygen, so that the gas being excluded must be oxygen gas, not merely a gas molecule whose components included oxygen & another element, i.e. since hetero molecular compounds such as carbon dioxide were being considered for the heavier-than-air gas, the clearest or most logical intent of the "non-oxygen-containing gas" phrase would have been to exclude oxygen gas. Thus the context of the contradictory and ambiguous phrasing & common chemical knowledge may be considered to provide enablement for the Examiner's amendment to the specification on page 8.